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REPTON RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

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ANNUAL REPORT



OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

AND

CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

FOR THE YEAR 1958

PUBLIC HEALTH STAFF

Medical Officer of Health

MALCOLM ALLAN, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Chief Public Health Inspector

F. LOMAS, C.R.S.I., M.A.P.H.I.

Deputy Chief Public Health Inspector

H. EVANS, C.R.S.I., M.A.P.H.I.

Additional Public Health Inspector

R. A. DAVOLL, C.R.S.I., M.A.P.H.I.

Pupil Public Health Inspector

B. A. RICHARDSON

Rodent Officer

J. W. UFTON

Clerk

MISS M. E. SMITH

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Engineer & Surveyor

A. P. HANCOCK, M.I.Mun.E., M.R.S.H.

Clerk of the Council

F. BAILEY, M.B.E.

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To the Chairman and Members of the
Repton Rural District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my Annual Report for the Year 1958.

From ordinary observation garnered by myself and from that of other observers, it can be reasonably assumed that the general health of the people remains good and would certainly be made more enjoyable if the common cold could be arrested in its early stages and so avoid considerable, but mercifully temporary, misery and what is more, avoid the concomitant miseries of the stuffed noses, dull hearing and hacking coughs. Much research has been done, and is being done, on the common cold, but so far with few results, but its secrets will be uncovered by the very importunity of our skilled research workers. Meantime we all have our own special and individual and infallible cure, which means no cure.

As in 1957, there was only one notified case of Paralytic Poliomyelitis in a girl of eight years who lives on one of the Council's Housing Estates, and despite the large number of possible contacts both at school and at home, no further cases were notified. This girl had not been vaccinated against Polio and was cared for during the infectious stage in Derwent Hospital and afterwards transferred to Harlow Wood Orthopaedic Hospital where there is a special unit to treat cases of Paralytic Polio. As this Report is written in the early part of 1959, I have seen the child recently, and she has only very slight muscle weakness, and without knowing her previous history, you would think she was a normal healthy child.

In the early part of the year, there was a small outbreak of Measles, but as this was not an epidemic year there were only just over a 100 cases, with no admissions to Hospitals, and no deaths.

On the 1st October a General Practitioner notified me that there were in his practice a number of patients, adults and children, suffering from acute gastro-enteritis, and that in his opinion the only link between the cases was the milk supply. Faecal swabs from a number of cases were found by bacteriological tests to yield an organism called Salmonella Typhimurium. The Deputy Public Health Inspector found, on enquiries made at the farm, that a cow in milk had blood and mucous in the stools and faecal samples yielded an abundant growth of Salmonella Typhimurium. With the co-operation of the producer it was agreed to exclude the milk of the affected cow from supply, and to heat treat the rest of the milk. There were well over seventy families at risk from this infection which should really not have occurred given more care on the producer's part, and the outbreak underlines the necessity for heat treatment, even of a T.T. milk, to act as a second line of defence against infections other than Tuberculosis.

New legislation on Public Health matters to be effective must follow on a public demand, and the latter can only be instructed and enlightened by such an organisation as the Central Council for Health Education, whose funds this Council have generously supported over many years, and you could not support a more valuable national organisation. The Council have given tremendous service to the nation in the fields of food hygiene and clean air, to mention only two which come readily to mind. In addition they provide in-service training courses for medical officers and public health inspectors and these are indispensable to modern public health practice.

Much has been written and talked about the hazards of radiation and these are real, not only to ourselves, but to future generations. A great deal can be done by adequate control of medical and industrial usages, but much more can be done by summit talks conducted in goodwill and good faith. All those interested in this new aspect of public health look forward eagerly to the findings of the Committee under Sir Douglas Veale. Reports on the radioactivity in water, food (including milk), crops, soil, waste, etc. can be obtained from suitably trained public analysts. It should be realised that in this field, it is necessary to obtain somewhat costly apparatus and have staff trained to use it. Furthermore, much work remains to be done in developing methods and accumulating information, e.g. of the "normal radioactivity of these substances. Many difficulties are likely to be encountered and reports may well have to be confined to an assessment of abnormal radiation of a particular character leaving the identification of causative agent to further investigation.

The nation's drug bill keeps at peak level, much to the detriment of health and character, not to mention the economical stability of the so-called National Health Service. So far as the tranquillizer drugs are concerned the position is ludicrous; as J. B. Morton says, "There are tranquillizing pills to counteract the effect of energizing pills and energizing pills to counteract the effect of tranquillizing pills."

And still across Great Britain the worl'y battle of lung cancer goes doggedly on. Is it good or bad to smoke? The big guns of the medical world are brought to bear in favour of non-smoking, other big guns of the tobacco trade rush up to denounce the pronouncements. The Ministry of Health is in no doubt about the association between lung cancer and cigarette smoking and has made known the relevant facts to the local authorities. As long as there are vast poster displays encouraging the public to smoke more cigarettes and the danger from such smoking, is not immediately apparent there is no deterrent which can be appreciated by the younger citizens, who in their own estimation think themselves immortal and the possibility of any event happening more than a month or two ahead will not affect their present conduct. They can, however, be influenced by example.

The Chief Public Health Inspector and the Engineer and Surveyor have written comprehensive and detailed accounts of their work for this Report, and I am indeed profoundly grateful to them both, for it is only by means of this composite report that a true picture of the environmental factors influencing the health of the people can be obtained.

Within the Report there is a list of County Council Clinics, for which I am indebted to Dr. Morgan, County Medical Officer of Health.

It is a pleasure to take this opportunity of thanking the Chairman and Members of the Council, General Practitioners, Health Visitors, Heads of Departments and Staffs particularly, of course, all the staff of the Public Health Department, especially the Chief Public Health Inspector and his Deputy.

I am,
Your obedient Servant,

MALCOLM ALLAN,

Medical Officer of Health

SECTION A
STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS

Elevation of the District from 130 to 604 O.D.	
Area	65,654 acres
Registrar-General's estimated population mid 1958 (including members of the armed forces stationed in the area) ..	36,940
Population (Census 1951)	31,562
Number of inhabited dwellings end of 1958	10,600
Rateable Value, 31st March, 1958	£319,471.
Produce of 1d. Rate, 31st March, 1958	£1,298. 3. 11.

VITAL STATISTICS

<u>Live Births</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>M.</u>	<u>F.</u>	
Legitimate	555	289	266	Birth Rate per 1,000 of the estimated resident population
Illegitimate	22	12	10	
	<u>577</u>	<u>301</u>	<u>276</u>	
				15.62

<u>Still Births</u>				
Legitimate	12	3	9	Rate per 1,000 total (live and still) births
Illegitimate	2	-	2	
	<u>14</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>11</u>	
				20.4

<u>Deaths</u> (including members of the armed forces who were stationed in the area)	404	Death Rate per 1,000 of the estimated resident population	10.9
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DEATHS FROM PUERPERAL CAUSES (HEADING 30 OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL'S SHORT LIST)

<u>Deaths</u>			
Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion	Nil	Rate per 1,000 (live and still) births ..	Nil

DEATHS OF INFANTS UNDER 1 YEAR

	<u>M.</u>	<u>F.</u>
Legitimate	9	3
Illegitimate	1	1
	<u>10</u>	<u>4</u>

Death Rate of Infants under 1 year of age:

All Infants per 1,000 live births	24.3
Legitimate infants per 1,000 legitimate live births	25.22
Illegitimate infants per 1,000 illegitimate live births	90.9

DEATHS OF INFANTS UNDER 4 WEEKS

	<u>M.</u>	<u>F.</u>
Legitimate	9	1
Illegitimate	1	1
	<u>10</u>	<u>2</u>

Death Rate of Infants under 4 weeks of age:

All infants per 1,000 live births	20.8
Legitimate infants per 1,000 legitimate live births	18.00
Illegitimate infants per 1,000 illegitimate live births	90.9

CLASSIFICATION OF DEATHS

Causes of Death								All ages		Total
								M.	F.	
1.	Tuberculosis, respiratory	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	1	1
2.	Tuberculosis, other	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	-	-
3.	Syphilitic disease	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	-	1
4.	Diphtheria	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	-	-
5.	Whooping Cough	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	-	-
6.	Meningococcal infections	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	-	-
7.	Acute Poliomyelitis	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	-	-
8.	Measles	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	-	-
9.	Other infective and parasitic diseases	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	-	1
10.	Malignant neoplasm, stomach	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3	6
11.	Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	1	8
12.	Malignant neoplasm, breast	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	8	8
13.	Malignant neoplasm, uterus	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	-	-
14.	Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	13	33
15.	Leukaemia, aleukaemia	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	-	2
16.	Diabetes	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	4	5
17.	Vascular lesions of nervous system	..	..	..	..	..	..	23	33	56
18.	Coronary disease, angina	..	..	..	..	..	..	40	28	68
19.	Hypertension with heart disease	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	7	13
20.	Other heart disease	..	..	..	..	..	..	30	34	64
21.	Other circulatory disease	..	..	..	..	..	..	18	12	30
22.	Influenza	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	1	1
23.	Pneumonia	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	9	17
24.	Bronchitis	..	..	..	..	..	..	15	1	16
25.	Other disease of respiratory system	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	2
26.	Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	-	7
27.	Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	2
28.	Nephritis and nephrosis	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	3
29.	Hyperplasia of prostate	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	-	2
30.	Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	-	-
31.	Congenital malformations	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	1	6
32.	Other defined and ill-defined diseases	..	..	..	..	..	..	19	10	29
33.	Motor vehicle accidents	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	1	10
34.	All other accidents	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	4	10
35.	Suicide	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	3	3
36.	Homicide and operations of War	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	-	-
TOTALS								227	177	404

SECTION B.

DERBYSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL CLINICS

DERBY:

Ante-natal Clinics:

County Clinic,
Cathedral Road,
Derby

Every Tuesday, 9 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.
Doctor attends each session.

Child Guidance Clinics:

County Clinic,
Cathedral Road,
Derby

By appointment

Speech Therapy Clinics:

Village Hall, Hatton
and County Clinic,
Cathedral Road, Derby

Temporarily unstaffed.

By appointment

Dental Treatment:

County Clinic,
Cathedral Road,
Derby

By appointment

Eye Clinics:

County Clinic,
Cathedral Road,
Derby.

By appointment.
(every Monday morning)

Minor Ailment Clinics:

County Clinic,
Cathedral Road,
Derby

Tuesday p.m. and Saturdays a.m.

Orthopaedic Clinics:

County Clinic,
Cathedral Road,
Derby

By appointment. (Every Thursday, from
9.00 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. and 1.30 p.m.
to 4.00 p.m.)

Infant Welfare Centre:

County Clinic,
Cathedral Road,
Derby

Fridays 9 00 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

LITTLEOVER:

Infant Welfare Centre:

Baptist Chapel Schoolroom,
Thornhill Road, Littleover

Every Thursday, 1.30 p.m. to 4.00 p.m.

MELBOURNE:

Minor Ailment Clinic:

Penn Lane

Every Wednesday a.m. Doctor in
attendance 1st and 3rd a.m.

Infant Welfare Centre

Penn Lane

Each Wednesday 1.30 p.m. to 4.00 p.m.

MICKLEOVER:

Infant Welfare Centre:

Methodist Church,
Mickleover

Each Thursday 1.30 p.m. to 4.00 p.m.

OVERSEAL:

Infant Welfare Centre:

Methodist Church,
Overseal

1st and 3rd Fridays in each month,
1.30 p.m. to 4.00 p.m.

DERBYSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL CLINICS (CONT'D).

REPTON:

Village Hall,
Repton

2nd and 4th Tuesdays in each month,
1.30 p.m. to 4.00 p.m.

SINFIN:

Infant Welfare Centre:

St. Stephen's Church Hall,
Sinfin Lane, Sinfin

2nd and 4th Mondays in each month,
1.30 p.m. to 4.00 p.m.

SWADLINCOTE, ALEXANDRA ROAD:

Ante-natal Clinics:

2nd and 4th Tuesdays in each month,
9.00 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. Doctor
attends each session.

Child Guidance:

By appointment.

Dental Treatment:

Temporarily unstaffed.

Eye Clinics:

By appointment (2nd and 4th Thursdays
in each month, commencing at 2.30 p.m.)

Infant Welfare Centre:

Every Monday, 9.00 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.
and 1.30 p.m. to 4.00 p.m.

Minor Ailment Clinics:

Mondays 9.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. 2nd
and 4th Wednesdays 9.00 a.m. to 10.00 am.
Doctor present.

Orthopaedic Clinics:

By appointment. (1st and 3rd Tuesdays
in each month, 9.00 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.
and 1.30 p.m. to 4.00 p.m.)

Speech Therapy:

Temporarily unstaffed.

IMMUNISATION AGAINST DIPHTHERIA:-

Facilities for immunisation are available on request, when the Doctor is in attendance at Infant Welfare Centres and Minor Ailment Clinics.

REPAIRS OR REPLACEMENTS OF GLASSES FOR SCHOOL CHILDREN:

The necessary form may be obtained on request from the Principal School Medical Officer, County Offices, Matlock, Derbyshire, or from the School Medical Officers.

CHEST CLINICS

BURTON UPON TRENT:

Chest Clinic,
Outwoods Hospital,
Belvedere Road,
Burton upon Trent

New cases by appointment through own
Doctor, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday,
1.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Friday 9.30 a.m.
to 12 Noon.
Contacts, alternate Tuesdays 10.00 a.m.
to 12 Noon.

DERBY:

The Chest Clinic,
93, Green Lane,
Derby.

New cases by appointment through own
Doctor. Wednesday 9.30 a.m. to 12 Noon.
Fridays 9.30 a.m. to 12 Noon, and 2.0pm.
to 4.00 p.m.
Saturdays: (Contacts) 10.00 a.m. to
12 Noon. No appointment necessary.

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WELFARE FOODS DISTRIBUTION CENTRES

3, Bold Lane, Derby	Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday 9.00 a.m. to 12.15 p.m. Saturday, 9.00 a.m. to 12.00 Noon.
The Schools, Bretby	Alternate Wednesdays, 3.00 p.m. to 4.00 p.m.
General Stores, Linton Road, Castle Gresley	Shop hours.
Parish Room, Etwall	Wednesday 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Avenue Stores, Goseley	Shop Hours
Public Hall, Scropton Road, Hatton	Alternate Wednesdays, 2.00 p.m. to 4.00 p.m.
Main Street, Hilton	Wednesday 2.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.
Methodist Church, Station Road, Mickleover	Thursday, 2.00 p.m. to 4.00 p.m.
Dunsmore Stores, Midway	Shop Hours.
Church Farm, Netherseal	Alternate Wednesdays, 2.00 p.m. to 4.00 p.m.
Methodist Chapel, Woodville Road, Overseal	1st and 3rd Fridays, 2.00 p.m. to 4.00 p.m.
The Village Hall, Repton	2nd and 4th Tuesdays, 2.00 p.m. to 4.00 p.m.
Parish Room, Rosliston	Alternate Tuesdays, 2.00 p.m. to 4.00 p.m.
Geo. Gibson & Son, Bells End Road, Walton-on-Trent.	Shop Hours.
County Clinic, Alexandra Road, Swadlincote	Monday to Friday, 9.15 a.m. to 12.45 pm. 2.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Alternate Tuesdays 2.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. ... Saturdays, 9.00 a.m. to 12 Noon.

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SECTION C.

ANNUAL REPORT OF ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR FOR YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1958

1. SEWAGE DISPOSAL

Hilton Sewage Scheme

The work on the extension of the foul sewer to the above Scheme including the reconnection of the House drains to this new sewer was completed on the 31st December, 1958.

Mickleover Relief Sewer

This foul sewer was completed, connected to the Council's "Bunkers" Sewage Works and brought into operation.

Mickleover "Bunkers" Sewage Disposal Works Enlargement

Work was commenced on this Scheme on the 15th September, 1958, and was necessitated through the existing works being badly overloaded and causing pollution to Hell Brook.

Egginton Sewage Disposal

It was stated in the last report that owing to the exorbitant cost of providing the necessary sewerage and pumping station to discharge the sewage to the ex R.A.F. Sewage Disposal Works, due to their depth and the waterlogged nature of the ground, the Council decided to provide a temporary scheme which would provide for the continued use of the existing foul sewers, the sewage from which at present flows direct into the Egginton Brook without any treatment.

Delay was caused by meeting with difficulties in purchasing the site. The Council have, however, now come to an amicable agreement with another owner and the temporary expedient is expected to be carried out during 1959 by contract.

Drakelow Sewage Scheme

The Council have accepted a Tender for the construction of the above Sewage Disposal Scheme and work is expected to commence in the Spring of 1959.

Ticknall Sewage Scheme

A site has now been agreed for the construction of the above Sewage Disposal Works. Detailed plans are now being prepared for submission to the Minister for approval.

Mickleover Sewage Scheme

The Nestle Co. Ltd. Factory, Mickleover, (Sewage Pumping Station)

The above pumping station was completed and the pumps were tested, found to be satisfactory and brought into operation on the 22nd April, 1958.

The capacity of the pumps being 150 g.p.m. each.

Messrs. Wimpey's Ltd., Housing Development, Mickleover (Sewage Pumping Station)

The above pumping station was constructed to house three sewage pumps to have an output of 360 G.P.M. when two pumps were running together, the third pump acting as a standby.

SEWAGE DISPOSAL (continued)

Messrs. Wimpey's Ltd., Housing Development, Mickleover (cont'd)

Two pumps only have been installed, were tested and found to be satisfactory and brought into operation on the 28th August, 1958. The third pump will be installed by the developers when the requirement is necessitated by building progress. At the same time the foul sewage from an adjoining estate which, at present flows to a separate pumping station, will be disconnected therefrom and connected to Messrs. Wimpey's pumping station.

The pumps from the obsolete pumping station will be removed, adjusted and installed at Moira Road, Overseal, Pumping Station.

Messrs. Butterley's Ltd. Development, Mickleover (Sewage Pumping Station)

The above pumping station has been completed and the pumps and station were examined and tested on the 4th September, 1958, and found to be satisfactory. The capacity of these pumps being 100 G.P.M. each.

The sewage from the above pumping station is discharged to and treated at the Council's "Bunkers" Sewage Disposal Works referred to over the page.

The above three pumping stations will be adopted by the Council together with the foul sewers on the satisfactory completion of the Estates.

Chestnut Avenue, Mickleover - 6" Foul Sewer

The Council has accepted a tender for the laying of the above sewer which will do away with a long standing sewage nuisance.

The sewer is expected to be laid early in 1959, and will be connected to a foul sewer recently laid under private development.

2. WATER SUPPLIES

The Council's area is supplied with a piped water supply by the South Staffordshire Waterworks Company and the Derby Corporation, either as a direct or a bulk supply.

The Parishes of Hartshorne, Ticknall, Smisby and Woodville are supplied from the Council's own Wells and Headings.

All the waters are chlorinated and from frequent analyses the quality is found to be satisfactory for drinking purposes. No plumbo-solvent action is experienced.

The total hardness of the Council's supplies is as follows:-

Hartshorne Water Scheme (Heading)	.. ..	355 parts per million
Ticknall Water Scheme (Well)	.. ..	395 "
Woodville and Smisby Water Scheme (Smisby Well)		375 "

Ticknall Water Scheme

This scheme continues to be satisfactory and no shortage has been experienced, the average amount pumped per day being 13,287 gallons.

WATER SUPPLIES (continued)

Hartshorne Water Scheme

This is a gravity scheme, the water being obtained from a Heading at "Several Woods", Hartshorne. The maximum amount available per day being 36,000 gallons. The capacity of the reservoir is 20,000 gallons. The present demand is such that the water level lowers in the reservoir during the day time, but recovers and overflows during the night, subject to no leaks occurring on the system.

The amount consumed during the year ending 31st December, 1958, was 12,052,000 gallons.

The Council have previously reported these conditions to the Minister with a view to an augmentation of this supply.

Private house development is still continuing, and is expected to continue in Hartshorne, and the Council are becoming concerned as it is expected the demand will exceed the supply.

Woodville and Smisby Water Schemes

The water is obtained by pumping from the Smisby Well, the yield of which is insufficient to meet the demand. The supply is therefore supplemented by receiving a supply from the Swadlincote and Ashby Joint Water Board's main, which is also laid in Ashby Road.

The total amount consumed during the year ending 31st December, 1958 was:-

(a)	141 houses situated along Ashby Road within the Parish of Hartshorne and the Urban District of Ashby, which owing to their high situation have to be supplied from the Council's Water Tower:-	4,220,000	gallons
(b)	Parish of Woodville, including the Goseley Housing Estate	42,802,000	"
(c)	Village of Smisby	1,538,000	"
TOTAL CONSUMPTION		<u>48,560,000</u>	"

The total amount pumped from the Smisby Well during the year was 20,517,000 gallons, the remainder being purchased in bulk from the above Water Board.

Northern Area Water Scheme

This water scheme covers the twelve parishes situated in the north and north-west of the Rural District. The water is purchased in bulk from Derby Corporation. The amount purchased for the year ending 31st December, 1958, being 56,511,000 gallons. The average consumption per day being 154,825 gallons.

Tutbury Rural District Council

During times of drought the above Council implement their own water supply for the village of Tutbury by purchasing water in bulk from the Council's Northern Area Water Scheme.

During 1958 such bulk supply was not needed.

3. MINING SUBSIDENCE

During the year urgent repairs were necessary to Council Houses, foul sewers and water mains, in the Parishes of Castle Gresley, Overseal and Woodville.

The damage to each Council House was reported to the National Coal Board, who carried out first-aid repairs where further subsidence was expected, which condition applied to Castle Gresley and Overseal.

The foul sewers were either smashed or the settlement had created a backfall on the sewers, and in certain cases to such an extent that the sewers overflowed at the house inspection chambers.

The recorded incidents were:-

Parish of Castle Gresley (This Parish is badly affected)

Council Houses affected	..	..	..	7
Foul Sewers	..	..	..	9

Parish of Woodville

Council Houses affected	..	..	..	1
Foul Sewers	..	..	..	1
Water Mains	..	..	..	1

Parish of Overseal (This parish is badly affected)

Council Houses affected	..	..	..	8
Foul sewers	..	..	..	2
Surface Water Flooding (Woodlands Road)				4 Houses

The Council have a 9" dia. C.I. sewer between Woodville Road and Moira Road Pumping Station which has been so distorted through mining that the invert at a Hatch Box half way along the sewer, approximately 350 yards from Woodville Road, was $3\frac{3}{8}$ " above the invert of the manhole in Woodville Road, resulting in the sewage overflowing at this manhole and the inspection chambers at the adjacent houses during rain.

This sewer has now been relaid which is the third time since the sewage scheme was laid down in 1931. The National Coal Board state that further subsidence will take place in this village which again will affect this sewer. Consequently, the Council have taken certain precautions to enable the sewer to be quickly repaired at any point along its length without interfering with the remaining portions.

4. HOUSING

The number of houses approved by the Minister of Housing and Local Government since 1946 is 1,530.

The number of houses completed up to 31st December, 1958, is 1,446.

The following summary gives the progress made during the year ending 31st December, 1958.

HOUSING (continued)

Parish	Houses under Contract	Houses under Constn.	Completed in previous year	Completed year ended 31.12.58	Type
Egginton	14	6	-	8	Traditional
Findern	34	12	-	16	-do-
Hartshorne	6	-	-	6	-do-
Hatton	20	-	-	20	16 Old Persons' Bungalows and 4 flats (Traditional)
Coton-in-the-Elms	12	-	-	12	Traditional
Woodville	20	-	-	12	18 Flats and 2 Houses. (Traditional)
	106	18	-	74	

Plans for 434 dwellings were approved during the year ended the 31st December, 1958.

238 dwellings were completed, and 298 were in course of erection. These include properties approved during the previous year but not completed.

The total number of applications and plans submitted to the Council for approval during the year was 1,028, of which 600 were approved.

Foul Drainage Connections

New Houses:

Building Estates	202	on Public Sewer
Private Properties	29	" " "
Private Properties	7	on Cesspools/Septic Tanks

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WATER SUPPLIES - YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1958

Parish	Supplying Undertaker	Total Houses	No. of houses supplied	Estd. population supplied	Supply direct to property	Supply off stand-pipes	No. of houses unpiped supply
Ashe	S.S.W.W.C.	15	10	35	10	-	5
Barton Blount	Repton R.D.C.	15	6	21	6	-	9
Bearwardcote	S.S.W.W.C.	10	10	35	10	-	-
Bretby	do.	240	226	791	226	-	9
do.	Swad. & Ashby	-	5	17	5	-	-
Burnaston	S.S.W.W.C.	58	22	77	22	-	36
Calke	Private Supply	10	-	-	-	-	10
Castle Gresley	S.S.W.W.C.	414	411	1,439	411	-	3
Catton	do.	21	12	42	12	-	9
Cauldwell	do	28	26	91	26	-	2
Church Broughton	Repton R.D.C.	115	77	269	77	-	38
Coton-in-the-Elms	S.S.W.W.C.	135	125	438	125	-	10
Dalbury Lees	Repton R.D.C.	53	48	168	48	-	5
Drakelow	S.S.W.W.C.	58	45	157	45	-	13
Egginton	do.	102	90	315	90	-	12
Etwall	do.	423	380	1,330	380	-	40
do.	Repton R.D.C.	-	3	11	3	-	-
Findern	S.S.W.W.C.	266	233	816	233	-	21
do.	Derby Corp.	-	12	42	12	-	-
Foremarke	Swad. & Ashby	26	26	91	21	5	-
Foston and Scropton	Repton R.D.C.	148	104	364	104	-	44
Hartshorne	do.	527	526	1,841	496	30	1
do.	Woodville -						
do.	Repton R.D.C.	267	267	934	267	-	-
do.	Swad. & Ashby	192	192	672	192	-	-
do.	Caulkley -						
do.	Private Supply	15	15	52	15	-	-
Hatton	Repton R.D.C.	482	434	1,519	434	-	48
Hilton	S.S.W.W.C.	289	229	803	229	-	60
Hoon	Repton R.D.C.	13	-	-	-	-	13
Ingleby	Private Supply	20	20	70	20	-	-
Linton	S.S.W.W.C.	553	548	1,918	548	-	5
Lullington	do.	47	41	144	41	-	6
Marston-on-Dove	Repton R.D.C.	16	10	35	10	-	6
Mickleover	Derby Corp.	2,336	2,313	8,095	2,313	-	23
Netherseal	S.S.W.W.C.	287	224	783	224	-	63
Newton Solney	do.	144	132	462	132	-	12
Osleston and Thurstaston	Repton R.D.C.	67	51	178	51	-	16
Overseal	S.S.W.W.C.	676	676	2,366	676	-	-
Radbourne	Repton R.D.C.	44	30	105	30	-	14
Repton	S.S.W.W.C.	550	514	1,799	489	25	19
Milton	Swad. & Ashby	-	17	59	14	3	-
Rosliston	S.S.W.W.C.	137	109	381	109	-	28
Smisby	Repton R.D.C.	84	54	189	54	-	30
Sutton-on-the-Hill	do.	29	18	63	18	-	5
do.	Private Supply	-	6	21	6	-	-
Ticknall	Repton R.D.C.	203	191	669	81	110	12
Trusley	do.	32	25	88	25	-	7
Twyford and Stenson	Twyford - Nil	19	-	-	-	-	19
do.	Derby Corp.	54	48	168	48	-	6
Walton-on-Trent	S.S.W.W.C.	214	192	672	192	-	22
Willington	do.	389	387	1,355	384	3	2
Woodville	Repton R.D.C.	777	777	2,720	777	-	-
	TOTALS	10,600	9,917	34,710	9,741	176	683

To the Chairman and Members of the
Repton Rural District Council.

MR. CHAIRMAN, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I beg to submit the Annual Report on the sanitary circumstances of the District for the year ended 31st December, 1958.

I am pleased to report that the Housing Survey over the whole District is now nearing completion, and attention is being directed towards the demolition of the worst properties included in the Council's Clearance Programme.

At the same time, and wherever possible, suitable properties are being retained by repair and improvement under the Grant scheme. Details of the number of houses so improved are included within this Report.

Meat inspection at the sixteen private slaughterhouses in the District was maintained at 100%. There is an increase in the number of cattle killed in 1958 over the 1957 figures by 220 cows and 57 young heifers or bullocks. The majority of the cow beef supplied from one slaughterhouse in our area was mainly for the Birmingham market. The meat supplied by the local butchers continues to be of excellent quality, as indicated by the low percentages of condemnations shown in the summarised report.

The scavenging of the district is being maintained. Owing to the rapid development of the area, the volume of work is continually increasing, but despite this, very few complaints have been received during the period under review.

No serious infestations of rats were found in the District during the year, and I would like to pay tribute to your Rodent Officer, Mr. J. W. Ufton, who has carried out this work in a most efficient manner. Further details are embodied in the Report.

The routine duties of the Department have been maintained, and include visits in connection with infectious disease, abatement of nuisances, sampling of ice cream and water supplies, the supervision of drainage and sanitation of buildings; also work in connection with atmospheric pollution and the recording of smoke instruments, Food Hygiene Regulations and the Rent Act.

In presenting this Report, I would take the opportunity of recording the assistance and support I have received from the Chairman of the Council, the Chairman and Members of the Health and Public Works Committee, the Clerk to the Council, the Medical Officer of Health and Inspectorial and Clerical Members of the Public Health Department, also your Scavenging Foreman.

I am, Ladies and Gentlemen,
Your obedient Servant,

F. LOMAS,

Chief Public Health
Inspector.

HOUSING

Number of houses inhabited at the end of 1958 10,600

Number of new houses erected during 1958:-

(a)	by Local Authority	..	..	..	..	..	74	
(b)	by Private Enterprise	..	..	..	..	..	<u>238</u>	312

SANITARY ACCOMMODATION

(a) Conversions to Water-Closets during 1958:-

Privy Middens	..	..	..	..	..	Nil
Pail Closets	..	..	..	..	..	64
Waste Water-Closets	..	..	..	..	..	Nil

(b) Conversion of Privies to Pan Closets Nil

The total number of conversions to water-closets up to the end of this year since the beginning of 1942 is 855.

SCAVENGING

Collection services were maintained at fortnightly intervals. Regular inspection of all tipping sites is carried out and treated for vermin and insect pests, as necessary.

No serious trouble from fires has been experienced, minor outbreaks being promptly dealt with.

ANTI-LITTER CAMPAIGN

Litter bins are now fixed in the majority of the larger parishes throughout the district, and regular emptyings are made by the scavenging teams.

GENERAL SANITARY ADMINISTRATION

	No. on Register	Increase or Decrease	Inspections made
Bakehouses	8	-	7
Canal Boats	-	-	-
Common Lodging Houses ..	-	-	-
Dairies	8	-	1
Factories	90	+ 7	49
Houses let in Lodgings ..	-	-	-
Ice Cream Premises ..	85	- 2	89
Market Stalls	-	-	-
Milk Distributors	20	-	1
Moveable Dwellings Licensed:			
Sites	-	-	-
Dwellings	72	+ 20	355
Offensive Trades	-	-	-
Outworkers	11	-	25
Preserved Food Stores ..	31	- 1	22
Shops	271	+ 8	149
Slaughterhouses	16	-	1,917
Knackers' Yards	-	-	-

SAMPLING

	Number of Samples taken	Methylene Blue Test		Phosphatase Test	
		Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory	Sat.	Unsat.
Ice Cream	67	63	4	-	-
<u>Milk:</u> (a) Routine ..	-	-	-	-	-
		<u>Positive</u>	<u>Negative</u>		
(b) Biological	1	<u>1 Sat.</u>	<u>Unsat.</u>	-	-
<u>Water:</u> (a) Mains ..	18	18	-	-	-
(b) Other Sources	25	16	9	-	-

WATER SUPPLIESEstimated
Population
involved

Number of houses in District connected to mains	9,741	34,094
Number of houses in District supplied from standpipes on mains	176	616
Number of houses in District not supplied from standpipes or mains	683	2,390
Number of connections made during the year:-		
(a) existing houses	51	
(b) new houses	312	
(c) other premises	Nil	

DRAINAGE

Number of houses in District connected to sewers	8,967	31,384
Number of houses in District not connected to sewers	1,633	5,716
Number of connections made during the year:-		
(a) existing houses	29	
(b) new houses	312	
(c) other premises	7	
Number of conversions of other closets to water- closets	64	

HOUSING

New houses erected during the year by:-		
(a) Local Authority	74	
(b) Private Enterprise	238	
Number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)	1,606	
Number of dwelling-houses found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	385	
Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	12	
Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of action (formal or informal) by the local authority	110	
Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	4	
Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	13	
Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which undertakings were accepted	1	
Number of premises in respect of which Closing Orders were made or Undertaking given by Owner not to re-let	1	

SECTION D.

HOUSING ACTS, 1949 TO 1954 IMPROVEMENT GRANTS

Number of dwelling houses in respect of which applications for
Improvement Grants have been made during the year 47

Number of dwelling-houses improved during the year 44

The following particulars are a summary of details of "Improvement Grant" applications since the Scheme commenced in January 1954, to the 31st December, 1958:-

Total number of applications received	.. .. .	246
Number of houses involved in these applications	.. .. .	292
Number of houses improved	.. .. .	211
Number of applications refused	.. .. .	4
Number of applications withdrawn	.. .. .	10
Number of properties where work has commenced, but not finished		30
Number of properties at which work has not commenced	28
Total Grants paid £48,089.18.2.	
Average cost per house £227.18.3.	

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HOUSING ACTS

Number of houses inspected under Housing Acts	1,438
Number of houses which were found defective	217
Number of houses where defects have been rectified)	
Number of houses where work is still in hand)	
Total number of visits whilst work was in hand)	
Informal Notices served	.. .. .
Statutory Notices served	.. .. .

Urgent repairs dealt
with under Public
Health Act.

UNFIT HOUSES

The following is a list of properties on which Demolition and Closing Orders have become operative. The position at the end of the year was as follows:-

- 2 Houses, Mill Street, Repton
- 4 Houses, Orme's Row, Hartshorne
- 6 Spring Cottage, Hartshorne
- 7 Cottages, Sunnyside, Scropton
- 3 Cottages, Dag Lane, Netherseal
- 4 Cottages, Dag Lane, Netherseal
- 5 Cottages, Main Street, Netherseal
- 5 Cottages, Vicarage Road, Mickleover
- "Brook Cottage", Coton-in-the-Elms
- 8 Houses (1-8) Alma Cottages, Mickleover
- 9 and 11 Main Street, Overseal
- Bromley's Cottage, Egginton Road, Hilton
- 47, Scropton Road, Hatton
- 2 Cottages, Doveside, Scropton.

HOUSING ACTS (CONTINUED)

DEMOLITIONS CARRIED OUT:

Stile Cottage, Lower Green, Findern
3, Old Scropton Lane, Hatton
2 Croft Cottages, Hilton
2 Cottages, The Green, Lullington
2 Laurel Cottages, Linton
3 Cottages, Sunnyside, Hatton
41 and 43 Burton Road, Overseal

RURAL HOUSING SURVEY

During the year the Housing Survey was continued in the following Parishes:-

Mickleover, Willington, Dalbury Lees, Twyford & Stenson,
Trusley, Ashe, Beardwardcote and Overseal.

The following Parishes were completed during the year:-

Dalbury Lees, Overseal, Sutton-on-the-Hill, Catton
Caldwell and Willington.

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HOUSING STATISTICS

1. INSPECTION OF DWELLING-HOUSES DURING THE YEAR

(1)(a)	Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)	1,606
(b)	Number of inspections made for the purpose	2,060
(2)(a)	Number of dwelling-houses (included under sub-head (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925 and 1932 ..	671
(b)	Number of inspections made for the purpose	671
(3)	Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	12
(4)	Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to in the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	385

2. REMEDY OF DEFECTS DURING YEAR WITHOUT SERVICE OF FORMAL NOTICES

Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their Officers	110
---	-----

3. ACTION UNDER STATUTORY POWERS DURING THE YEAR

(1)	Proceedings under Sections 9, 10 and 12 of the Housing Act, 1957:-	
(a)	Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Notices were served requiring repairs	Nil
(b)	Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of formal Notices -	
(i)	By Owners	Nil
(ii)	By Local Authority in default of Owners ..	Nil

HOUSING STATISTICS (CONTINUED)

ACTION UNDER STATUTORY POWERS DURING THE YEAR (CONTINUED)

(2)	Proceedings under Public Health Acts -	
(a)	Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Statutory Notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	Nil
(b)	Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal Notices -	
(i)	By Owners	Nil
(ii)	By Local Authority in default of Owners ..	Nil
(3)	Proceedings under Sections 17 and 23 of the Housing Act, 1957 -	
(a)	Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	4
(b)	Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders or by Agreement	13
(c)	Closed in pursuance of an Undertaking given by Owner under Section 16, and still in force	1
(4)	Proceedings under Section 18 of the Housing Act, 1957 -	
(a)	Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made	Nil
(b)	Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit	Nil
(5)	Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, 1953. Closing Orders made under Section 10(1)	Nil

4. HOUSING ACT, 1957 (Part IV) - OVERCROWDING

(1)	(a) Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year)	} Figures not available.
	(b) Number of families dwelling therein	
	(c) Number of persons dwelling therein	
(2)	Number of cases of overcrowding reported during the year	
(3)	Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year by re-housing	14
(4)	Particulars of any cases in which dwelling-houses have again become overcrowded after the Local Authority have taken steps for the abatement of overcrowding	Nil

RENT ACT, 1957

Number of applications in respect of which applications for Certificates of Disrepair have been received during the year	20
Number of Form 'J' Certificates issued	20
Number of Form 'L' Certificates (Certificate of Disrepair) issued	14

The administration of the above Act is carried out by your Public Health Department, and the above is a summary of the matters dealt with under this heading during the year.

The visits entailed in the investigation of these applications totalled one hundred.

SHOPS ACT, 1950

Routine inspections continue to be carried out. No serious infringements were noted during the year.

CAMPING SITES

There are no licensed sites within the District.

SWIMMING POOLS AND BATHS

There are no public pools or baths in the District.

SMOKE ABATEMENT

During the year there was no complaint of a smoke nuisance.

Monthly results of the Standard Deposit and Lead Peroxide Gauges sited near the Drakelow Power Station and Willington Power Station continue to be recorded.

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SECTION E.

MILK (Special Designation) ORDERS AND REGULATIONS,
MILK AND DAIRIES REGULATIONS

In conformity with the Regulations, Dealers' and Supplementary Licences have been issued to persons selling milk within the Rural Areas from premises outside the District.

The County Medical Officer has forwarded the following information regarding samples of Pasteurised milk taken within the District:-

<u>No. of</u> <u>Establishments</u>	<u>SAMPLES</u>		<u>Total</u>
	<u>Satisfactory</u>	<u>Unsatisfactory</u>	
2	19	-	19

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOODS

During the year the following foods were inspected and condemned as unfit for human consumption:-

		lbs.	ozs.
25	tins Meat	93	15 $\frac{1}{2}$
54	" Fruit	128	10
12	" Vegetables	22	9
31	" Tomatoes	39	9 $\frac{1}{2}$
13	" Fish	8	13 $\frac{1}{2}$
7	" Soup	5	12 $\frac{1}{2}$
2	" Golden Syrup	4	0
4	" Evaporated Milk	5	8
4	pkt. Beef Suet	28	0
2	tins Cream		8
1	tin Creamed Sago		15 $\frac{1}{2}$
1	" Cheese		3
1	" Creamed Rice		15 $\frac{1}{2}$
1	" Jam		4
1	bot. Salad Cream		5
	Loose Stoned Raisins	14	0

TOTAL CONDEMNED

355 8

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOODS (continued)

SLAUGHTERING

The carcasses and offals of all animals slaughtered for human consumption within the District have been examined by the Health Department Staff, and a 100% inspection has been maintained.

The following figures are for the period from the 1st January to 31st December, 1958:-

	Cattle excluding cows including bulls	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs	Horses
Number killed	1,817	596	273	4,130	1,141	-
Number inspected	1,817	596	273	4,130	1,141	-
<u>All diseases except Tuberculosis and Cysticerci:</u>						
Whole carcasses condemned	1	-	1	2	-	-
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	193	108	1	104	106	-
Percentage of the number inspected affected with diseases other than Tuberculosis or Cysticerci	10.67%	18.12%	0.73%	2.56%	9.29%	-
<u>Tuberculosis only</u>						
Whole carcasses condemned	1	1	1	-	-	-
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	100	83	-	-	-	-
Percentage of the number inspected affected with Tuberculosis	5.55%	14.09%	0.36%	-	-	-
<u>Cysticercosis</u>						
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	22	-	-	-	-	-
Carcasses submitted to treatment by refrigeration	4	-	-	-	-	-
Generalised and totally condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOODS

SLAUGHTERING (continued)

The weights of meat and offals condemned were as follows:-

				Tons	cwts.	qrs.	lbs.
Whole carcasses condemned	..	..			16	3	2
Part carcasses condemned	..	..	2	2	2	3	0
Offals condemned	..	..	..	3	3	1	17
				<hr/>			
				6	2	3	19
				<hr/>			

ICE CREAM

There were no new premises registered for the manufacture of Ice Cream during the year. Six premises were added to the Register of Ice Cream retailers.

Sixty-seven samples of Ice Cream were taken for bacteriological examination of which fifty-seven were placed in Grade 1, six in Grade 2 and four in Grade 3.

FISH AND CHIP PREMISES

Apart from one transfer of registration licence, no further alterations were recorded during the year.

SLAUGHTERHOUSES

During the year the number of slaughterhouses licensed were sixteen, and the number of licences granted to slaughtermen was forty-three.

INFECTIOUS DISEASE

On receipt of notifications of Infectious Diseases, the premises are inspected and investigation is made. Disinfection is carried out where required. During the year forty-seven visits were made.

INFESTATION ORDER, 1943

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949

One case of grass snakes was dealt with during the year at a private house. Five small areas of rabbits were treated on Local Authority properties.

During the year, the Derbyshire County Agricultural Executive Committee ceased their Pest Service to the farmer, and a number of requests have been made for this to be maintained by this Council. It is hoped to continue an efficient and speedy service for rats and mice only on a repayment basis. If sufficient farms are then treated, particularly in the populated areas, substantial reduction in the cost of rodent control to the private dwellings, sewerage works and tips should be noticeable.

It will be apparent that more premises were treated, or found to be infested, than were notified. This is, in many cases, due to the ignorance of the occupiers of some premises failing to know of the services given by this Council. It is felt that more publication of the Department's activities should be made known.

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT (continued)

Summary of Treatments (Surface)	Local Authority Properties	Dwellings including Council Houses	Business Properties	Total
<u>NUMBER OF PROPERTIES INSPECTED AS A RESULT OF:-</u>				
(a) Notification	Nil	86	38	124
(b) Survey under the 1949 Act	33	152	34	219
<u>NUMBER OF PROPERTIES INSPECTED WHICH WERE FOUND TO BE INFESTED BY:-</u>				
<u>Rats</u> (Major (over 20) ..	4	2	10	16
(Minor	29	100	30	159
<u>Mice</u> (Major	Nil	1	3	4
(Minor	Nil	8	4	12
NUMBER OF PROPERTIES TREATED	33	110	44	187
TOTAL TREATMENTS CARRIED OUT	542	346	95	983

SEWER TREATMENT

During the year one test and two treatments of the sewers were carried out. Observations in 1957 showed that sewer rats were showing a high degree of "poison shyness" so that anti-blood coagulant compounds were used. The results were remarkably satisfactory as shown compared with the previous year.

The number of parishes vary in each treatment depending upon the results obtained in the test or treatment preceding and the recommendations of the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food Pests Officers.

Parishes treated were Repton, Hartshorne, Overseal, Mickleover, Woodville, Stenson and Rosliston; the remainder being clear on testing.

Test Bait Annual 10%	1958	1957
Number of manholes in systems under test	1012	1329
Number of manholes in systems baited ..	102	147
Number of manholes showing take ..	8	40

Treatment (Twice Annually)	May, 10 Parishes	October, 7 Parishes
Number of manholes in systems	931	657
Number of manholes baited	89	40
Number of manholes showing take	20	8
Number of manholes showing no take ..	69	32

PREScribed PARTICULARS ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE
FACTORIES ACT, 1937 & 1948. PART 1 OF THE ACT

1. INSPECTIONS for the purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors)

Premises (1)	M/c line No. (2)	Number on Register (3)	Inspec- tions (4)	Written Notices (5)	Occupiers Prosecuted (6)	M/c line No. (7)
(i) Factories in which Sections, 1,2,3,4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	1	8	8	-	-	1
(ii) Factories not included in (1) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	2	82	41	-	-	2
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding Outworkers' Premises)	3	-	-	-	-	3
TOTALS		90	49	-	-	

CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND

Particulars	M/c line No.	Number of cases in which defects were found				No. of cases in which prose- cutions were institu- ted (7)	M/c line No. (8)
		Found	Remedied	Referred			
				To H.M. Inspec- tor (5)	By H.M. Inspec- tor (6)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Want of cleanliness (S1)	4	-	-	-	-	-	4
Overcrowding (S2)	5	-	-	-	-	-	5
Unreasonable tempera- ture (S3)	6	-	-	-	-	-	6
Inadequate ventilation (S4)	7	-	-	-	-	-	7
Ineffective drainage of floors (S6)	8	-	-	-	-	-	8
Sanitary Conveniences (S7)							
a) insufficient ..	9	-	-	-	-	-	9
b) unsuitable or defective ..	10	-	-	-	-	-	10
(c) not separate sexes	11						11
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork	12	-	-	-	-	-	12
TOTALS		-	-	-	-	-	

PART VIII OF THE ACT - OUTWORK (Sections 110 and 111)

There were eleven Outworkers reported as employed within the Council's area during the year. The Outworkers' premises have been inspected, and in each case found to be satisfactory.

SECTION F.

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES DURING YEAR 1958

Disease	Total Cases notified	Cases admitted to Hospital	Total Deaths
Small-pox	-	-	-
Scarlet Fever	26	4	-
Diphtheria	-	-	-
Enteric Fever:			
Typhoid	-	-	-
Paratyphoid	-	-	-
Puerperal Fever	-	-	-
Meningococcal Infections	-	-	-
Erysipelas	-	-	-
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	1	1	-
Acute Poliomyelitis			
Paralytic	1	1	-
Non-paralytic	-	-	-
Pneumonia	8	-	-
Dysentery	-	-	-
Food Poisoning	9	-	-
Measles	120	-	-
Whooping Cough	6	-	-

The cases of the following diseases occurred in the following parishes set opposite thereto:-

Scarlet Fever: Hatton 7, Hartshorne 4, Foston & Scropton 4, Hilton 3, Mickleover 3, Ingleby 2, Etwall 1, Bretby 1, Dalbury Lees 1.

Paralytic Poliomyelitis: Hartshorne

Food Poisoning: Etwall.

CASES OF NOTIFIABLE DISEASES AT VARYING AGES DURING 1958

Disease	Age Groups												Total
	0-	1-	2-	3-	4-	5-	10-	15-	20-	35-	45-	60-	
Small-pox													-
Scarlet Fever		2	2	3	4	14	1						26
Diphtheria													-
Enteric Fever:													
Typhoid													-
Para-typhoid													-
Puerperal Pyrexia													-
Meningococcal Infections													-
Erysipelas													-
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	1												1
Acute Poliomyelitis:													
Paralytic							1						1
Non-paralytic													-
Pneumonia				1		1		1			1	4	8
Dysentery													-
Food Poisoning		1			1	1	3		1	1	1		9
Measles	3	7	19	19	17	51	3	1					120
Whooping Cough	1	1				4							6

PARTICULARS OF NEW CASES OF TUBERCULOSIS
AND OF DEATHS FROM THE DISEASE IN THE AREA DURING 1958

	New Cases				Deaths			
	Respiratory		Non-Respiratory		Respiratory		Non-Respiratory	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Under 1 year	1							
1 - 5								
5 - 16		1						
16 - 24		1						
24 - 35						1		
35 - 45	1		1					
45 - 55	3		1					
65 and over	1							
TOTAL	6	2	2	-	-	1	-	-

CASES TREATED IN SANATORIA, ETC.

Derwent Hospital, Derby	2 cases
Derbyshire Children's Hospital, Derby	1 case
Leicester Royal Infirmary	1 case
Outwoods Hospital, Burton upon Trent	5 cases

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DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION

The following table for England and Wales shows the dramatic decline in the disease since the national immunisation campaign was launched in 1940:-

<u>Year</u>	<u>Deaths</u>	<u>Corrected Notifications</u>
1948	156	3,575
1949	84	1,890
1950	49	962
1951	33	664
1952	32	376
1953	23	266
1954	9	176
1955	13	155
1956	8	53
1957	6 (provisional)	37

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